

Properties of Determinants

Properties of the Determinant of a Matrix:

Let A, B and C be $n \times n$ matrices and let k be a scalar.

- (a) If A has a zero row (column) then $\det A = 0$.
- (b) If B is obtained by interchanging two rows (columns) of A , then $\det B = -\det A$.
- (c) If A has two identical rows (columns), then $\det A = 0$.
- (d) If B is obtained by multiplying a row (column) of A by k , then $\det B = k \det A$.
- (e) If A, B and C are identical except that the i^{th} row (column) of C is the sum of the i^{th} rows (columns) of A and B , then $\det C = \det A + \det B$.
- (f) If B is obtained by adding a multiple of one row (column) of A to another row (column), then $\det B = \det A$.

Additional Properties of Determinants:

Let A and B be $n \times n$ matrices and let k be a scalar. Then

- (a) $\det(A^T) = \det A$
- (b) $\det(AB) = (\det A)(\det B)$
- (c) $\det(kA) = k^n \det A$
- (d) $\det(A^{-1}) = \frac{1}{\det A}$, if $\det A \neq 0$