

Hyperbolic Formulas

Definitions of Hyperbolic Functions

$$\begin{aligned}\sinh x &= \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{2} & \cosh x &= \frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{2} & \tanh x &= \frac{\sinh x}{\cosh x} \\ \operatorname{csch} x &= \frac{1}{\sinh x} & \operatorname{sech} x &= \frac{1}{\cosh x} & \operatorname{coth} x &= \frac{1}{\tanh x}\end{aligned}$$

Hyperbolic Identities

$$\begin{aligned}\cosh^2 x - \sinh^2 x &= 1 & \tanh^2 x + \operatorname{sech}^2 x &= 1 & \operatorname{coth}^2 x - \operatorname{csch}^2 x &= 1 \\ \sinh(x \pm y) &= \sinh x \cosh y \pm \cosh x \sinh y & \cosh(x \pm y) &= \cosh x \cosh y \pm \sinh x \sinh y \\ \sinh^2 x &= \frac{-1 + \cosh 2x}{2} & \cosh^2 x &= \frac{1 + \cosh 2x}{2} \\ \sinh 2x &= 2 \sinh x \cosh x & \cosh 2x &= \cosh^2 x + \sinh^2 x\end{aligned}$$

Derivatives and Integrals of Hyperbolic Functions

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{d}{dx}[\sinh x] &= \cosh x & \frac{d}{dx}[\cosh x] &= \sinh x & \frac{d}{dx}[\tanh x] &= \operatorname{sech}^2 x \\ \frac{d}{dx}[\operatorname{coth} x] &= -\operatorname{csch}^2 x & \frac{d}{dx}[\operatorname{sech} x] &= -\operatorname{sech} x \tanh x & \frac{d}{dx}[\operatorname{csch} x] &= -\operatorname{csch} x \operatorname{coth} x\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\int \cosh x \, dx &= \sinh x + C & \int \sinh x \, dx &= \cosh x + C & \int \operatorname{sech}^2 x \, dx &= \tanh x + C \\ \int \operatorname{csch}^2 x \, dx &= -\operatorname{coth} x + C & \int \operatorname{sech} x \tanh x \, dx &= -\operatorname{sech} x + C & \int \operatorname{csch} x \operatorname{coth} x \, dx &= -\operatorname{csch} x + C\end{aligned}$$

Logarithmic Form of Inverse Hyperbolic Functions

$$\sinh^{-1} x = \ln(x + \sqrt{x^2 + 1})$$

$$\cosh^{-1} x = \ln(x + \sqrt{x^2 - 1})$$

$$\tanh^{-1} x = \frac{1}{2} \ln \frac{1+x}{1-x}$$

$$\coth^{-1} x = \frac{1}{2} \ln \frac{x+1}{x-1}$$

$$\operatorname{sech}^{-1} x = \ln \frac{1 + \sqrt{1 - x^2}}{x}$$

$$\operatorname{csch}^{-1} x = \ln \left(\frac{1}{x} + \frac{\sqrt{1 + x^2}}{|x|} \right)$$

Derivatives of Inverse Hyperbolic Functions

$$\frac{d}{dx} [\sinh^{-1} x] = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} [\cosh^{-1} x] = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 - 1}}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} [\tanh^{-1} x] = \frac{1}{1 - x^2}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} [\coth^{-1} x] = \frac{1}{1 - x^2}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} [\operatorname{sech}^{-1} x] = \frac{-1}{x\sqrt{1 - x^2}}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} [\operatorname{csch}^{-1} x] = \frac{-1}{|x|\sqrt{1 + x^2}}$$

Integrals Involving Inverse Hyperbolic Functions

$$\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x^2 + a^2}} = \sinh^{-1} \frac{x}{a} + C = \ln(x + \sqrt{x^2 + a^2}) + C$$

$$\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x^2 - a^2}} = \cosh^{-1} \frac{x}{a} + C = \ln(x + \sqrt{x^2 - a^2}) + C$$

$$\int \frac{dx}{a^2 - x^2} = \frac{1}{a} \tanh^{-1} \frac{x}{a} + C = \frac{1}{2a} \ln \left| \frac{a+x}{a-x} \right| + C$$